.

Adapting To Change / Broken Boy (16) 2022

nstead, upon entry to the s front room, the visitor is th one of Adam Gallaghtendee (Miner Mushroom)), a plaster cast of a gnomeead with the word 'miner' ined onto its helmet. The work vardly faces the wall, on which ars only a short label detailne work title, material and artme. This pared-back framing nsistent throughout the show. cent, two lengthy green Plexs cylinders lay scattered sideide on the floor as part of Gi-Surangkanjanajai's Untitled. 22). Unnerving at first, the obs nonetheless manage to awakn their observer an awareness holds throughout the show: to ctices of repurposing, re-makand redisplaying. What are



Jiayun Deng.

these objects, and why have they been produced in this way?

Moving into the open-plan space of the lower ground rooms, the exhibition gains philosophical traction. London-based artist Gili Tal's work For the Sake of Those Who Would Discriminate Between Hallucinations (2020) consists of large, two-pronged streetlights heralding through the centre of two conjoined rooms, which otherwise feature a pair of paintings by New York-based artist Lisa Soskolne and two medium-sized grey and white PVC boxes by Berlin-based Samuel Jeffrey, placed centrally on plinths. Positioned in pairs, the raw steel composition of Tal's works dominates the space. The lamps weave parallel to artworks fixed on the wall, bulbs ablaze. At first, they seem out of place, not only because of their seemingly outdoor function but also because they add little in brightness to a gallery already illuminated by overhead lights. Yet it is this displaced utility that unites the work with the spirit of the show; re-assembled objects are brought together, their unsettled composition troubling questions of functionality. Not unlike the case study of Gettier's fake barns, certitude of perception is challenged in this work: the large glass spheres housing the light bulbs appear to hold two bulbs within them. It is only upon closer inspection, eyes burning from peering at brightness so directly, that the trompe-l'œil reveals itself: the glass is merely reflecting the light of the singular bulb inside its orb.

Interestingly, many of the works on display have apparent counterparts in the other sections of the show. Seemingly complementary objects are situated in disparate corners of Raven Row's three floors. Oscar Laughridge's Clock, 2019 (green chiffon pulled over a large circustrated)

lar object hanging on the wall, with the figures of time visible underneath), for instance, reappears upstairs in the form of Clock, 2025, an almost identical piece produced six years later. The latter work is placed in the same room as Kyoto-based Yuki Kimura's Three Cognac Glasses (2019), a set of smaller-to-larger translucent glasses fitted within one another, the effect of this stacking of clear glasses illusory. Kimura's other sculpture, Untitled (2024), a similar stacking of small-to-large silverware dishes is displayed on the floor of the ground floor room, opposite Andrea Buttner's deep-red Painted Ceiling (2019). In this room, the symmetry of the two structures is particularly striking. Similarly, the heads of Adam Gallagher's Attendee (Miner Mushroom) are dotted throughout the gallery, heads poised for reencounter. Throughout the show, instances of reproduction or artistic duplication jolt the visitor out of traditional modes of sequential viewing and further invite questions on the reasons behind the works' multiple forms. Several works - Oscar Laughridge's Clock, for example were reproduced for the show after their initial display in now-discontinued art spaces. At a time when funding cuts increasingly result in the closure of non-profit spaces, the continuous threads of replication and reproduction structuring Fake Barn Country address a rescinding arts landscape.

The biggest feat of Fake Barn Country, an uncompromising compilation of incongruous works, perhaps lies in its rupturing of the visitor's expectation — of function, appearance and sequence. Despite its heterogeneity, the show never feels out of step; instead, it continuously challenges viewers' assumptions. We are never quite sure which unfamiliar object will appear next around the corner.

Fake Barn Country at Raven Row

Anne Kimunguyi

Fake Barn Country 8th May - 6th July 2025 Raven Row

Fake Bern Country at Raven Row favours heterogeneity over middling order. Spanning video works, sculpture, photography and painting, the group queries what is real, what is illusory and what remains where all else fades away.

An Adapting to Change/Bro-ken Boy(ler) 2012-2014 (2014) a nineteen-minute film by artist Dan Szor appearing in the group exhibition Fake Barn Country at Raven Row - a story slowly comes into focus. The film opens with a shot of a young man with dyed blond hair, sitting in company around a kitchen table, seemingly cheerful and drinking a can of Red Stripe. The camera pans shakily around the room, zooming into dimly lit corners. The view er sees a kettle on the countertop, then the knee of the boy. The video image is momentarily framed in a red border – a motif that will re-appear in different colours throughout the course of the film - before the camera lands on a satsuma on the kitchen table. Sobering words appear on the screen. Booze alone cannot sustain a man. With them, the comforting joy of the opening scene slips. The moment is undone.

Such a disorienting change from the symbolic and tranquil to the real and tangible recurs throughout Fake Barn Country. It is a show seanning the three floors of the gal-

lery's converted domicile building Spitalfields, bringing together works made by artists using household materials, found objects and rudimentary devices. Three artists whose works are on display Roth Angel Edwards, Lawrence Leaman and Oliver Leaman - are also responsible for its broader organisation. Its title refers to a philosophical thought experiment of the same name, devised by the American philosopher Edmund Gettier in the mid-twentieth century, which sets out to challenge definitions of knowledge as 'justified true belief' fashionable in analytic philosophy at the time. In the thought experiment, an individual travels through a rural area populated with barns, many of which, unknown to the individual, are merely replicas. On viewing these structures, the individual identifies what appears to be a barn and forms the belief that this is indeed a barn. By virtue of luck. on this occasion, the barn the indiidual perceives is in fact a real barn. While this belief is both justified by visual identification and true, the individual's claim that this belief constitutes knowledge is nonetheless debatable. Given that most barns in this landscape are fake, coincidence has been argued as the pri-mary force determining the individual's cultivation of true knowledge.

It is a complex theoretical framework to undergird an exhibition. Engagement with its ideas is made harder still by a seeming lack of explanatory text accompanying the



Dan Szor, Adapting To Change / Broken Boy(ler) 2012-2014 (still), 2014. Courtesy the artist.

show. Instead, upon entry to the gallery's front room, the visitor is met with one of Adam Gallagh-Attendee (Miner Mushroom) (2023), a plaster cast of a gnome-like head with the word 'miner' inscribed anto its helmet. The work awlewardly faces the wall, on which appears only a short label detailing the work title, material and artist name. This pared-back framing is consistent throughout the show Adjacent, two lengthy green Plexiglass cylinders lay scattered side by-side on the floor as part of Gi anna Surangkanjanajai's Untitled. (2022). Unnerving at first, the objects nonetheless manage to awaken in their observer an awareness that holds throughout the show: to practices of repurposing, re-making and redisplaying. What are

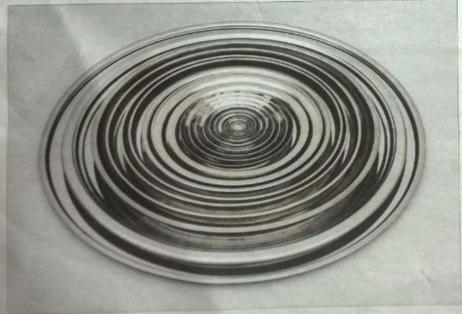
these objects, and why have they been produced in this way?

Moving into the open-plan space of the lower ground rooms, the exhibition gains philosophical trac-tion, London-based artist Gili Tal's work For the Sake of Those Who Would Discriminate Between Hallucinations (2020) consists of large, two-pronged streetlights beralding through the centre of two conjoined rooms, which otherwise feature a pair of paintings by New York-based artist Lisa Soskolne and two medium-sized grey and white PVC boxes by Berlin-based Samuel Jeffrey, placed centrally on plinths. Positioned in pairs, the raw steel composition of Tal's works dominates the space. The lamps weave parallel to artworks fixed on the wall, bulbs ablaze. At first, they seem out of place, not only because of their seemingly outdoor function but also because they add little in brightness to a gallery already illuminated by overhead lights. Yet it is this displaced utility that unites the work with the spirit of the show; re-assembled objects are brought together, their unsettled composition troubling questions of functionality. Not unlike the case study of Gettier's fake barns, certitude of perception is challenged in this work: the large glass spheres hous ing the light bulbs appear to hold two bulbs within them. It is only upon closer inspection, eyes burning from peering at brightness so directly, that the trompe-l'œil re-veals itself: the glass is merely reflecting the light of the singular bulb inside its orb.

Interestingly, many of the works on display have apparent counterparts in the other sections of the show. Seemingly complementary objects are situated in disparate corners of Raven Row's three Boors. Oscar Laughridge's Clock, 2019 (green chiffon pulled over a large circustifion pulled over a large circustification).

lar object hanging on the wall, with the figures of time visible under-neath), for instance, reappears upstairs in the form of Clock, 2025, an almost identical piece produced six years later. The latter work is placed in the same room as Kyoto-based Yuki Kimura's Three Cognac Glasses (2019), a set of smaller-to-larger translucent glasses fitted within one another, the effect of this stacking of clear glasses illusory. Kimura's other sculpture, Untitled (2024), a similar stacking of small-to-large silverware dishes is displayed on the floor of the ground floor room, opposite Andrea Buttner's deep-red Painted Ceiling (2019). In this room, the symmetry of the two structures is particularly striking. Similarly, the heads of Adam Gallagher's Attendee (Miner Mushroom) are dotted throughout the gallery, heads poised for reen-counter. Throughout the show, instances of reproduction or artistic duplication jolt the visitor out of traditional modes of sequential viewing and further invite questions on the reasons behind the works' multiple forms. Several works - Oscar Laughridge's Clock, for example were reproduced for the show after their initial display in now-discontinued art spaces. At a time when funding cuts increasingly result in the closure of non-profit spaces, the continuous threads of replication and reproduction structuring Fake Barn Country address a rescinding arts landscape

The biggest feat of Fake Barn Gountry, an uncompromising compilation of incongruous works, perhaps lies in its rupturing of the visitor's expectation — of function, appearance and sequence. Despite its heterogeneity, the show never feets out of step instead, it continuously challenges viewers assumptions. We are never quite sure which unfamiliar object will appear next around the corner.



tubo Kimura, Montand, 2004. Courtsey the artist and Gallerie Charital Crowell, Paris. Photograph by Jiayun Deng